## Practice Midterm Exam 2

1. Consider the forced  $2 \times 2$  linear system

$$\mathbf{Y}' = A\mathbf{Y} + \begin{pmatrix} te^t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 where  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

- (a) (10 points) Compute the matrix exponential  $e^{tA}$ .
- (b) (10 points) Find a particular solution to the equation (you may use any method you like).
- 2. (20 points) Consider a mass on a spring whose motion is governed by

$$x'' + x = 0.$$

Determine initial conditions  $x_0, v_0$  (i.e., so  $x(0) = x_0$  and  $x'(0) = v_0$ ) which allow one to stop the mass completely after time  $t = \pi$  by a single blow with a hammer (transmitting any force a) at time  $t = \pi$ .

3. (20 points) Let  $H_a(t)$  is the heaviside function which "turns on" at t = a. For a > 0, consider the IVP

$$\begin{cases} x'' - x = (t - a)H_a(t) + 1 - H_{-1}(t) \\ x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0. \end{cases}$$

- (a) (10 points) Determine X(s), the Laplace transform of the solution.
- (b) (10 points) Compute  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}{X(s)}$ . For what values of t does this give a valid solution?
- 4. (20 points) Consider the ODE

$$\begin{cases} x''' + x = g(t) \\ x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0, x''(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Determine a forcing g(t) so that the solution x(t) has the property that it grows larger, as  $t \to \infty$ , than any solution to the homogenous problem and larger than g(t).

5. Consider the autonomous non-linear ODE

$$\binom{x_1}{x_2}' = \binom{x_2 \sin x_1}{x_1 - x_2}.$$

(a) (15 points) For any  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$  consider the initial conditions:

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1(0) \\ x_2(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \pi \\ \alpha \end{pmatrix}.$$

Compute the the Picard iterates,  $\mathbf{U}_k$ , for these solutions and verify that they converge to a global solution to the IVP.

(b) (5 points) For each  $\beta$ , determine the variational equation along the solutions

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \pi \\ \beta e^{-t} + \pi \end{pmatrix}.$$