

**COMPLEX ANALYSIS CORE QUALIFYING EXAM, FALL 2001**

**Instructions:** Attempt **FOUR** of the following problems. Each is worth 25 points. Please label clearly which four of the five problems you want graded. Show all your work.

**Notation:**  $\mathbb{C}$  denotes the complex numbers. For  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\operatorname{Re}(z)$  denotes the real part of  $z$ . For each  $r \geq 0$ ,  $D_r(0) = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < r\}$ .

**Problem 1.** A meromorphic function on  $\mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\}$  is a meromorphic function  $f(z)$  on  $\mathbb{C}$  such that  $g(z) = f(1/z)$  is also meromorphic. Show that a meromorphic function on  $\mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\}$  must be rational, i.e. one can express it as the quotient of two polynomials.

**Problem 2.** Fix a real number  $\alpha > 1$ . Show that the equation  $z - \alpha = e^{-z}$  has precisely one solution in the half plane  $\operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$  and that this solution must be real.

**Problem 3.** Compute:  $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{1+x^3}$ .

**Problem 4.** Suppose that  $f : D_1(0) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  is a one-to-one holomorphic function with  $\Omega = f(D_1(0))$ . Let  $g : D_1(0) \rightarrow \Omega$  be another holomorphic function with  $g(0) = f(0)$ . Show that for each  $0 \leq r < 1$ ,  $g(D_r(0)) \subset f(D_r(0))$ .

**Problem 5.** Use the result in Problem 4 to prove the following: If  $g$  is a holomorphic function on  $D_1(0)$  with  $g(0) = 0$  and  $|\operatorname{Re}(g(z))| < 1$  for all  $z \in D_1(0)$ , then

$$|g(z)| \leq \frac{2}{\pi} \log \left\{ \frac{1+|z|}{1-|z|} \right\}$$

for all  $z \in D_1(0)$ .