



Homework 01 Solution Key

Problem 01)

$$(a) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 0 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(b) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 0 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$



Problem 02)

(a)

$$0x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -1$$

$$2x_1 + 0x_2 + 0x_3 = 0$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 9x_3 = 1$$

(b)

$$x_1 + 0x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 \neq 0$$

$$2x_1 + 0x_2 + 0x_3 + 7x_4 = 1$$

Problem 03)

(a) not in rref; the leading 1 in row 2 is not the only non-zero entry in its column.

(b) yes, in rref

(c) not in rref; the leading 1 in row 1 is to the right of the leading 1 in row 2.

(d) not in rref; row 2 doesn't have a leading 1.



Problem 04)

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{II-III} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{3} \times II} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{I-III} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{I+2III} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{6} \times I} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Rearrange}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



(b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{I-3II} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -6 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-\frac{1}{6} \times I} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{II-I} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{-4I} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Rearrange}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



Problem 05)

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -8 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{II-I} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -8 & 2 \\ 0 & 9 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-\frac{1}{9} \times II} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -8 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{I+8II} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & \frac{19}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2} \times I} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{5}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} x &= \frac{5}{9} \\ y &= -\frac{1}{9} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{I-II} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}I} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 2 + 3z \\ y &= z \end{aligned}$$



②

Problem 05 (continued)

$$(a) \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{III} + \text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{6} \times \text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{II} + \text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{I} - 4 \times \text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & -16 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} x_1 &= -16 - 2x_3 \\ x_2 &= 8 + 3x_3 \\ x_4 &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 06)

$$(a) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & k \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{III} - 3\text{I}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & k \\ 0 & 7 & 1-3k & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{7} \times \text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & k \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1-3k}{7} & \frac{1}{7} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{I} + 2\text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & k + \frac{2(1-3k)}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1-3k}{7} & \frac{1}{7} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{1}{7}k \\ y = \frac{1}{7} - \frac{3}{7}k \quad \Rightarrow \text{a particular value of } k \in \mathbb{R} \text{ gives exactly one solution.}$$

$$(b) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & k \\ 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{I}-\text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 3 & 2-k \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & k \\ 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{III}-4\text{I}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 3 & 2-k \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & k \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -4k \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{I}-\text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 0 & 0 & 2-k+4k \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & k \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -4k \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} \text{if } k \neq -\frac{2}{3}, \text{ system is inconsistent} \\ \text{no solns} \end{aligned}$$

if $k = -\frac{2}{3}$, ∞ -many solutions



Problem 07)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{(a)} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}\text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}\text{I}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{II}-\text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \\
 \xrightarrow{\text{I}+\text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{3}\text{I}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & \cancel{1} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{II}-\text{I}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-1\times\text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

Rearrange $\left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \text{rank}(A) = 3.$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{(b)} \quad \left[\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{II}+\text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{I}-2\text{II}} \left[\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{I}-2\text{III}} \left[\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{Rearrange}} \left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$



Problem 08)

- (a) no solutions or too many \Rightarrow not enough info
- (b) inconsistent \Rightarrow no solution
- (c) no solution/one solution \Rightarrow not enough info
- (d) \Rightarrow single solution



Problem 09).

(a) $\vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$, Note that we can write

$$\frac{1}{2}\vec{v}_1 - \frac{1}{6}\vec{v}_2 = \frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{6}\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

So \vec{b} can be written as a linear combination of \vec{v}_1 & \vec{v}_2 .



(b) $\vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$. Set the vectors as columns of an augmented matrix.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{I+II}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \text{Since the matrix is inconsistent, } \vec{b} \text{ can't be written as a linear combination of } \vec{v}_1 \text{ & } \vec{v}_2.$$

Problem 10)

(a) Set $\vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} \\ v_{12} \\ v_{13} \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} v_{21} \\ v_{22} \\ v_{23} \end{bmatrix}$, $\vec{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} v_{31} \\ v_{32} \\ v_{33} \end{bmatrix}$. We have

$$b_1 = v_{11}x_1 + v_{21}x_2 + v_{31}x_3 = v_{11}x'_1 + v_{31}x'_2 + v_{21}x'_3$$

$$b_2 = v_{12}x_1 + v_{22}x_2 + v_{32}x_3 = v_{12}x'_1 + v_{32}x'_2 + v_{22}x'_3$$

$$b_3 = v_{13}x_1 + v_{23}x_2 + v_{33}x_3 = v_{13}x'_1 + v_{33}x'_2 + v_{23}x'_3$$

Hatching up coefficients gives

$$\text{w. } x'_2 = x_3 \Rightarrow \vec{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is a soln.}$$



(b) Same set-up as above:

$$b_1 = 2v_{11}x''_1 + v_{21}x''_2 + v_{31}x''_3 = v_{11}x_1 + v_{21}x_2 + v_{31}x_3$$

$$b_2 = 2v_{12}x''_1 + v_{22}x''_2 + v_{32}x''_3 = v_{12}x_1 + v_{22}x_2 + v_{32}x_3$$

$$b_3 = 2v_{13}x''_1 + v_{23}x''_2 + v_{33}x''_3 = v_{13}x_1 + v_{23}x_2 + v_{33}x_3$$

Hatching up coefficients

$$\text{gives } 2x''_1 = x_1,$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{x}'' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is a solution.}$$

