

HOMEWORK PROBLEM SET 9: DUE NOVEMBER 2, 2018

110.302 DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
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Question 1. Let $x_1 = y$ and $x_2 = y'$ and convert the ODE

$$y'' + p(t)y' + q(t)y = 0$$

to a system of two first-order ODEs in x_1 and x_2 . Then show that if $\mathbf{x}^{(1)}$ and $\mathbf{x}^{(2)}$ form a fundamental set of solutions of your system, and if y_1 and y_2 form a fundamental set of solutions to the original ODE, then, up to a constant, the Wronskians are equal. That is, $W(\mathbf{x}^{(1)}, \mathbf{x}^{(2)}) = cW(y_1, y_2)$ for some non-zero constant $c \in \mathbb{R}$.

Question 2. Let $\mathbf{x}^{(1)}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 2t \\ t^2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{x}^{(2)}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ t \end{bmatrix}$ be two 2-vector functions. Do the following:

- Compute $W(\mathbf{x}^{(1)}, \mathbf{x}^{(2)})$ and determine all intervals where the functions $\mathbf{x}^{(1)}$ and $\mathbf{x}^{(2)}$ are linearly independent.
- Draw conclusions about the coefficients of the homogeneous system of equations satisfied by these two functions.
- Find a homogeneous system of first order linear ODEs where $\mathbf{x}^{(1)}$ and $\mathbf{x}^{(2)}$ form a fundamental set of solutions.

Question 3. For each system, find a general solution, draw a direction field and plot enough trajectories to fully characterize the nature of the solutions to the system.

- $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$.
- $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$.
- $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$.
- $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -6 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$. (Careful, here. This one has a 0-eigenvalue.)

Question 4. For each system, solve the IVP and describe the long term behavior (in both directions) of the solution.

- $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 \\ -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$.

Question 5. The following sets of eigenvalue/eigenvector pairs correspond to a system $\mathbf{x}' = A\mathbf{x}$. For each, (1) sketch a phase portrait for the system, (2) sketch the trajectory passing through the point $(1, 2)$ in the phase plane, and (3) Sketch separately the component functions $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$, as functions of t on the same tx -plane.

(a) $r_1 = -1, \quad \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}; \quad r_2 = -2, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$

(b) $r_1 = 1, \quad \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}; \quad r_2 = -2, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$

(c) $r_1 = -1, \quad \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}; \quad r_2 = 2, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$

(d) $r_1 = 1, \quad \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}; \quad r_2 = 2, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}.$

Question 6. Recall that the general solution to the ODE

$$ay'' + by' + cy = 0,$$

where a, b, c are constants and $a \neq 0$, depended on the solutions to the characteristic equation of the ODE. Transform this ODE into a 2-dimensional system of first-order ODEs by letting $x_1 = y$ and $x_2 = y'$ and show that the equation to determine the eigenvalues of the coefficient matrix is the same equation as the characteristic equation of the second-order ODE. The matrix equation to determine the eigenvalues is also called the characteristic equation of the matrix.