pages	2 - 3	4	5	6	7 - 8	9 - 10	11	total
scores								

Exam #2, October 29, Calculus II (109), Fall, 2010, W. Stephen Wilson

I agree to complete this exam without unauthorized assistance from any person, materials or device.

Name: _____ Date: _____

TA Name and section:

NO CALCULATORS, NO PAPERS, SHOW WORK. (26 points total)

In case you need them: $\cos(2x) = 2\cos^2(x) - 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2(x)$.

1. (2 points) Compute the slope of the graph of the polar coordinate equation $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$ when it crosses the x-axis, x > 0.

2. (3 points) Compute the polar coordinates and the xy-coordinates for the point where y is maximal (x > 0) on the graph of the polar coordinate equation $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$.

3. (3 points) Compute the polar coordinates and the xy-coordinates for the point where x is maximal for the graph of the polar coordinate equation $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$.

4. (2 points) Compute the area enclosed by the graph of the polar coordinate equation $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$ when both x and y are greater than or equal to zero $(x, y \ge 0)$.

5. (2 points) Determine if this integral is improper. If it is, determine if it converges or diverges. Explain all. If it converges, compute it. $\int_0^3 \frac{dx}{(x-3)^2}$

6. (2 points) Determine if this integral is improper. If it is, determine if it converges or diverges. Explain all. If it converges, compute it. $\int_4^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x-3)^2}$

7. (2 points) Determine if this integral is improper. If it is, determine if it converges or diverges. Explain all. If it converges, compute it. $\int_{-3}^{0} \frac{dx}{(x-3)^2}$

8. (2 points) Give a rough sketch of the graph given by the parametric equations: $x = t^3 - 4t$, and $y = 4 - t^2$.

9. (2 points) Give the equation for the tangent line to the graph given by the parametric equations: $x = t^3 - 4t$, and $y = 4 - t^2$, when it passes through the origin the first time (i.e. for the smallest value of t).

11. (2 points) Set up the integral for the length of the curve for the part of the graph above the x-axis for the curve given by the parametric equations: $x = t^3 - 4t$, and $y = 4 - t^2$.