October 2, 2009

MIDTERM EXAM 1 35pts. MATH 201 VER \*\*\*

- There are 10 pages in the exam including this page.
- Write all your answers clearly. You have to show work to get points for your answers.
- Read all the questions carefully.
- You can write on both sides of the paper. Indicate that the answer follows on the back of the page.
- Use of Calculators is *not* allowed during the exam.
- $(1) \ldots /3$
- $(2) \ldots /4$
- $(3) \ldots ... /5$
- $(4) \ldots /4$
- $(5) \dots /3$
- $(6) \dots /5$
- $(7) \ldots /4$
- $(8) \ldots /3$
- $(9) \ldots /4$
- Total  $\ldots ... /35$

(1) 3pts. Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be a function . What does it mean for T to be a linear transformation?

(2)4pts. Find the orthogonal projection of the vectors  $\vec{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\vec{e}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  onto the line spanned (determined) by the vector  $\vec{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(3) 5pts. Find the matrix A representing the linear transformation  $S : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  that reflects a vector along the line x - 2y = 0. Show work.

(4) 4pts Write down  $A^{-1}$  without performing any computations. Give reasons for your answer. The matrix A here is the matrix you found in the Problem 3.

(5) *3pts.* Find the volume of the parallelopiped determined by the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

$$\vec{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2\\ -1\\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 1\\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} -1\\ 1\\ -3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(6) 5pts. Let 
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
. Find all  $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^3$  such that  $B\vec{x} = \vec{0}$ .

(7) 4pts. Define the Rank of a  $m \times n$  matrix.

For what values of k does the system  $B\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\k \end{bmatrix}$  have a solution? The matrix B here is same as that in Problem 6.

(8) *3pts.* Let  $\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Given that  $\vec{v}$  is a solution to the following system, find all possible solutions of the following system of equations without any

computations. Explain your answer.

(9) 4pts. Find the Adjoint of the matrix B if it exists.

Is B invertible? Explain your answer. The matrix B here is same as that in Problem 6.