## Towards University Readiness

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Thanks to: Dr. R. Mason (Education), C. Paquette (Statistics)


## Questions to address:

○ How are students preparing. themselves for university mathematics?

$\bigcirc$ How are schools preparing their students for university mathematics?

## How are students preparing themselves for

## university mathematics?

$\cap$ A longitudinal study by Ralph Mason and Janelle McFeetor highlighted some students' thoughts and experiences of high school students and their views on preparing - both within class and through course selections - for university mathematics...

- 3 themes emerged regarding the topic of university reatiness:

○ The importance of achievement vs understanding.

- Future costs and benefits of present choices. .

○ Information (or lack of it) regarding university.

## The importance of achievement vs understanding:

n "If it's higher even if it says you did IB math, they look at your mark, they don't look at that you did IB math. they don't look that you did IB English, you know they look at your mark."

○ "My teacher in grade 10 told me she's like if you want fo go into. IB you can. But they don't look that you took IB. They look.at. your mark."

○ "Like the reason I dropped out of Precale math was begause I' had $25 \%$ of the mark. I just found it really difficult and nö̈w in Applied, it's still a little bit difficult, I can do it but it'ṣ not as difficult. Just because I don't think I need Precalc it would be nice to have it. It just leaves options open because like I said. I don't know what's going to happen."

## Future costs and benefits of present choices:

- "Like if you take the regular program you can basically finish high school first semester grade 12. Right and if I could redo my. entire high school that's what I would have done. And I couldn't dọ it • because of IB every other day and its all year."

○ "I've heard that Calculus if you take it in high school without any kind of or in university without any kind of high school foundation, is, absolutely brutal so even though I'm not getting a credit for it, if I take it university at least I'll be slightly prepared."

○ "I think I would go into Precalculus just to try it out because like at one time I wanted to try business and for business you need Precalculus and just because to me Applied seemed easy so I could have took Precalculus and if it was too hard then I I cỏuld drop down but once you're in Applied you can't really go up."

## Information regarding university:

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"I chose Consumer and when I came to the like the open house at the school, a lot of the teachers actually said that Consumer was more of a course that you'll actually use in life. ... Even though this year has been hard for some reason when I think about university I still want to go into $\dot{R}^{\circ}$ : a science general.

○ "Not really. Yeah there hasn't been much about university that my teachers have told us at all really. ... there hasn't really been very much that's prepared me for university at all. I still don't know much àbout how it works or anything. So kind of walking in blind." •

○ "I really think that at some point during high school preferably in grade 11 before the big rush like I need to find a university people need to sit down and tell you what all the university stuff ṃeans. ...Like they don't tell you how many courses you can take in university, like they don't tell you how it works. Because it seems to me that it's a system a lot different from what we do here and no one bothers to tell yoú what it's like."

## Which university math courses are required for my degree?

## CHART II: Choosing your mathematics course by your intended program of study

ABBREVIATIONS: In what follows, "MATH 13AO" means either MATH 1300 or MATH 1310; "MATH 15AO" means one of MATH 1500, MATH 1510, MATH 1520; and "MATH 17AO" means one of MATH 1700, MATH 1710, or MATH 1730.

| Intended program of study | Required courses for entry to program | Recommended courses (see Remark 1 on next page) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Faculty of Agricultural \& Food Sciences | MATH 13AO and MATH 15AO | MATH 1310 and MATH 1520 |
| Faculty of Arts | 3 credit hours from list of approved mathematics courses (see Section 4.1 of Calendar) | MATH 1010 or MATH 1190 (see note following Chart I) |
| Faculty of Arts (Honours Economics) | MATH 1500 together with either MATH 1300 or MATH 1700 (see Remark 3 on next page) | MATH 1300 and MATH 1500 |
| Faculty of Engineering | MATH 1210, MATH 1510 and MATH 1710 | MATH 1210, MATH 1510 and MATH 1710 |
| Clayton H. Riddell <br> Faculty of Environment, Earth and Resources (Geophysics Honours) | MATH 1210, MATH 15AO and MATH 17AO, (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1210, MATH 1500 and MATH 1700 |
| Faculty of Management (non Actuarial pattern) | MATH 13AO and MATH 15AO (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1310 and MATH 1520 |
| Faculty of Management (Actuarial pattern) | MATH 13AO, MATH 15AO and MATH 17AO (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1300, MATH 1500 and MATH 1700 |
| Faculty of Pharmacy | MATH 15AO | MATH 1500 |
| Faculty of Science <br> (Honours Biological Sciences) |  | MATH 1200, MATH 1300 or MATH 1500 (see Remark 1 on next page) |
| Faculty of Science (Biochemistry, Chemistry) | MATH 15AO, together with one of MATH 1200, MATH 13AO, MATH 17AO <br> (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1200, MATH 1300, MATH 1510 and MATH 1700 |
| Faculty of Science (Computer Science) | MATH 13AO and MATH 15AO (see Remark 3 on next page) | MATH 1300 and MATH 1500 |
| Faculty of Science (Mathematics major) | MATH 13AO, MATH 15AO and MATH $17 A O$ (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1300, MATH 1500 and MATH 1700; perhaps also MATH 1200 |
| Faculty of Science (Physics) | MATH 13AO, MATH 15AO and MATH 17AO (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1300, MATH 1500 and MATH 1700 |
| Faculty of Science (Statistics major) | MATH 15AO and MATH 17AO (see Remarks 3 and 4 on next page) | MATH 1300, MATH 1500 and MATH 1700 |
| Fine Arts | 3 credit hours | MATH 1020 |



Higher Math Courses







## How prepared do they feel once they are here?

○ Survey of 245 students of MATH 1500 asked:
Q Q1: How useful do you feel that your high school math courses were in $\dot{B}^{\circ}$ : preparing you for MATH 1500 ?
○ Q17: What grade did you get on the midterm?


Pearson Chi-squared test: Significant evidence of a dependency

## An effort to provide a "bridge" between high-school and university mathematics:

○ In 1997 and 1998 the Department of Mathematics offered a pre-calculus course called "College Mathematics with • Applications", 136.100, taught by Dr. T:-Kucera.

○ The course was designed to offer "upgrading, remedial, transitional, and developmental" pre-calculus training.


## An effort to provide a "bridge" between

high-school and university mathematics:

○ Conclusions:

- 1997 overall success (grade of C or better) rate was. 19\% (28\% after VW).
- 1998 overall success rate was $33 \%$ ( $50 \%$ after VW).

○ "In spite of coming into 136.100 with at least a $50 \%$ in Grade 12 mathematics, most of these students were not in any way prepared to stuidy Grade 12 mathematics."

○ "I do not think that 136.100 is viable without significant changes; these would be.drastic enough to require a new course proposal."

## How well are students performing in firstyear university mathematics courses?



Cox-Stuart Test for Trend:
No significant trend


Cox-Stuart Test for Trend; Significant increasing trend, $\mathrm{p}<.05$.

## How well are students performing in firstyear university mathematics courses?

MATH 1010-Grades


MATH 1010 - Enrollment


## How well are students performing in firstyear university mathematics courses?



Cox-Stuart Test for Trend:
Significant decreasing trend, $p<.05$


Cox-Stuart Test for Trend: Significant increasing trend, $p<.05$.

## How well are students performing in firstyear university mathematics courses?




## How can we help students prepare ${ }^{-}$ themselves?

○ Outreach activities
○ Open communications with guidance counsellors

○ Open access to such information (website)


## How can we help schools prepare their students?

○ Open communication with universities
○ Link between K-12 and post-secondary curriculum

○ Link between departments at the university level with the faculty of education


## Further areas to explore:

○ Quantitative:
○ How many take IB/AP and enroll in MATH 150.0, and what are their grades?
$\bigcirc$ Add demographic questions to survey (ie, to distinguish Manitoba high school students from international students).
○ Track students' grades from grade $12-9$ st year university.

○ Qualitative:
○ Interviews with students in their last year of high school with follow-up during and after theịr fïrst university mathematics course.

## ○ Further Readings:

○ R. Clifton, W. Baldwin, and Y. Wei; "Course Structure, Engagement, and the Achievement of Students in First-Year Chemistry", Chemistry Education Research and Practice
$\bigcirc$ C. Gewertz; "ACT Deems More Stuḑents College-Ready",". Education Week (Aug. 17, 2011)
○ B. Phillips and B. Vandal; "Standards: A Critical Need for K-16 Collaboration", Education Week (Nov. 1, 2011)

○ J. Stiles; "From Competition to Transition: Sharing Resources to Ensure Student Success", Education Canada (Vol• 51, Issue 4)
○ R. Ward-Penny, S. Johnston-Wilder, ance C. Lee; "Exit Interviews: Undergraduates Who Leave Mathematics Behin̈d", For the Learning of Mathematics (Vol. 31, Isşue 2)
○ M. Zwaagstra; "Math Instruction that Makes Sense", Frontiè Centre for Public Policy (Series No. 120)

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